The North Carolinian.

A Daily Democratic, White Man's Newspaper.

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The North Carolinian.

A DAILY DEMOCRATIC NEWSPAPER,

Conducted on the principle that this is a white man's government, and must be controlled by white men.

THOS. J. LEE, Business Manager.

THE DAILY NORTH CAROLINIAN is mailed to subscribers at Eight Dollars a Year—Four Dollars for Six Months.

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A CAMPAIGN DOCUMENT.

Democratic Address of the West Virginia Convention.

The following address of the Democrats of West Virginia, is an appeal direct to the whole people of the United States. As a campaign document it is not surpassed by any modern production.

We invite the special attention of the readers of the North Carolinian thereto, and would request every reader when he is done with his paper to pass it to some neighbor who has not seen the address, and in this way give it a general circulation among the people, especially the working men of the country.

To the People of West Virginia:

We invite your attention to a review of the general political situation, its evils, and their remedy. Since 1861 the harmony of this nation has been sadly disturbed. For four years of the intervening time, the interruption of peaceful relations was due to a state of war. The practical disunion existing since 1865 is referable to a course of Congressional action, wicked in motive, illegal in character, and ruinous in result. While the war for the Union was in progress, its successful issue was anticipated as the guaranty of prompt reunion and permanent peace. Such a consummation was the aim of patriotic efforts in the field, the object of solemn pledges in the halls of Congress, and the confident expectation of the masses of the people. The war has long since ended. The rebellion has long since been crushed. Every obstacle placed by Southern movement in the way of the nation's unity has long since been removed. Nevertheless, disappointment waits upon the people's wish. The pledges of Congress have been repudiated. The triumphs of our armies have been neutralized, and the purposes of the brave men who secured them have been shamefully defeated. A dissolution more disastrous than that now existing between the Southern States and the Federal government could scarcely have been brought about by the success of the rebellion. A condition of affairs so much at variance with the wishes and interest of the people of our entire country demands a reference to the acts and aims of those who produce it.

CONGRESSIONAL RECONSTRUCTION.

For more than two years the Southern States have desired to renew their old relations to the government. Congress has constantly prevented that resumption. They are entitled to be restored upon the basis of the federal constitution. Congress has confessedly thrown aside that instrument, and obstructed restoration with terms and conditions of its own prescribing. Affecting to desire the perpetuity of the Republic, it has made a deadly assault upon republican institutions. Professing to aim at the salvation of the Union, it has wrought the destruction of ten of the States. The right of each State to regulate its own internal affairs, enfranchise its own voters, and choose its own rulers and law-makers, is as sacred as our constitution, and as indestructible as our government. Without it republican liberty is worthless, for when the people cease to be free citizens of the States they become the subjects of unlimited and irresponsible federal power. When Congress abolished the local government of the South, it violated a vital principle in our system. When it erected military establishments in their stead, it introduced the most abominable features of despotism. In further pursuance of its purposes, Congress has thrown the political power of the South into negro hands. To assure this result, it has disfranchised the white population by hundreds of thousands. Enfranchising the blacks, it has made voters of the ignorant, vicious and the brutal; legislators of those who regard liberty as license, and law as the instrument of revenge; and rulers of a class whose ideas of government, like their notions of religion, tend directly and inevitably to barbarism.

MILITARY GOVERNMENT AND ITS RESULTS.

Having given the negro the right to vote and the power to rule, Congress confesses his incompetency for either by insisting that the bayonet of the soldier, the disfranchisement of the citizen, and the supervision of the Freedmen's Bureau are necessary to sustain him in his new relations. By such declarations the dominant party would justify the continuance of military despotism erected within the Southern States. Before we sanction this iniquity, let us examine its results. It found civil governments in successful operation: it abolished those governments, and made the will of brigadier generals supreme for all purposes. Southern elections are ordered, supervised and approved or set aside by district commanders. Southern justice is what the bayonet may provide. Southern law is what the sword may decree. Southern peace is the patient submission of a conquered people; a peace threatened by impending negro insurrections, which white seditionists are inciting, and liable at any moment to disappear before the terrible tumult of social anarchy. The military government found business reviving, and enterprise struggling to repair the ravages of the war. They abolished labor, and offered army rations as a premium on negro idleness. The country ceased to produce, and trade and commerce with other sections perished. Capital left a land which promised soon to be given over to confiscation. General poverty followed the encouraged indolence of the laboring classes. Actual and almost universal destitution exists among the people; the unhappy victims of Congressional cruelty must become pensioners upon national charity or perish from starvation. Hordes of thriftless and discontented negroes, passionate almost to brutality, induced to vice by idleness, incited to violence by evil counsellors, fed and pampered at the public cost, with a great army for their protection, roam at will throughout the land upon a mission of evil, carrying dismay to the hearts of helplessness and innocence, and shocking civilization with the worst of nameless crimes. Such is the condition of the South. A military despotism is over her people. The hand of lawless violence threatens them. Desolation reigns on every hand. About them are the graves of their countless dead. The past is strewn with the wreck of their greatness. Present suffering surrounds them. Their future is thick with peril and dark with gathering misfortune. The foes of the nation are at her feet. Broken in spirit, stripped of fortune, wasted, ragged, wretched and ruined, their situation invokes the magnanimity of kindred manhood and appeals to the generous mercy of a noble enemy.

DISTRESS AT THE SOUTH PRODUCES PROSTRATION AT THE NORTH.

The evil influence of bayonet reconstruction is not confined to the South. The entire country feels it. Northern factories are silent because Southern pockets are empty. Western granaries and storehouses are full, but poverty possesses their ancient market, and their former buyers are now begging bread. A commercial crash is imminent and business stands still and trembles at the prospect. The manufacturing interests of the nation are crippled and almost crushed. The spindle is motionless; the shuttle is silent; the forge and the furnace are deserted; the workshop is vacant; the mill is closed. The hands of the artisan are unemployed and empty; his children are starving, homeless and in rags. The impoverishment of the South throws the entire burden of *taxation* upon the North and West. The Southern States can render no assistance while the government grinds them with an iron heel. If their people shared its benefits they would be impelled to productive ability. As they partake only of its severities, they could not support it if they would, and so long as it oppresses them, if they are fit to be freedmen, they could not support it if they could.

THE CONGRESSIONAL PURPOSE.

The declarations of leading Republicans in Congress leave no room to doubt that the action of that body has been taken with reference to the unity of the Radical party, rather than the unity of the American Republic. The National Legislature has become a mere machine for the manufacture of radical majorities. Its material is the worst and lowest class of humanity, barely rescued from the brutality of the savage state by contact with civilization. A system which is based upon negro stupidity, supported by bayonets and designed to secure partisan triumphs through the enslavement of men of our own race, may be instituted here through force and fraud, but if it can endure in this land the American people have learned liberty to no purpose and well deserve to be taught its value under the stern tutelage of tyranny which awaits them in the future of radical supremacy.

FINANCIAL AFFAIRS.

In its management of our financial affairs, the dominant party has enacted the grossest folly and injustice. Repeated contractions of the currency have caused incalculable commercial disasters. A still more dangerous measure of contraction is now proposed in the Senate, by which the legal tenders are to be withdrawn from circulation and replaced by interest bearing bonds. If property and business do not enter an effective protest, the results will be little short of general ruin.

THE NATIONAL DEBT.

The national debt amounts to $2,500,000,000. It cost the holders $1,250,000,000. The party in power would pay it in gold, dollar for dollar. They would give to the bondholders a currency different from and better than that used by the people. Specie for the money lenders and paper for the masses is the end of their financial policy. A discrimination so palpable and unfair is an insult to the popular sense of justice. By the terms of the act of issue, greenbacks are made legal tender for all debts, public and private, except duties on imports and interest on the public debt. Even the soldiers of the Republic accepted paper as the price of their toils and hardships. Is the patriotism of cash more valuable than the public devotion, which fights and bleeds, and dies? Labor receives its wages in paper; the products of the farm, the goods of the merchant, professional fees, all prices and values among the people, are paid in paper. If that kind of money is good for the masses, good to buy all things, from the sweat of labor to the blood of valor, why should it not suffice for the redemption of the Federal securities?

EXEMPTION OF THE BONDS.

Under Radical management, the bonds are exempt from taxation. Receiving from the government the same protection with their property, they pay not a dollar to its support. Such exclusive privilege establishes an aristocracy of money in the midst of a Republic of labor. Toil is taxed; bonds are exempt. Toil produces; bonds consume. Toil builds our public improvements; bondholders enjoy their benefits at no cost. Toil supports our courts, pays our legislators, and defrays the general expenses of the government; bondholders partake of the blessings of all and contribute to the sustenance of none. A policy which makes labor so completely tributary to capital is anti-republican in its effect upon the masses. We greatly mistake the temper of the people if they do not demand that this wrong be promptly righted by such repeals and enactments as will compel all property alike to share the burdens of taxation.

THE REVENUE SYSTEM.

Radicalism derives the bulk of the Federal revenue from home productions and the necessaries of life. Over sixteen thousand articles, including almost everything that supports life or lightens labor, are now the subjects of taxation. Hence the great disparity between wages and the cost of living. Frauds upon the revenue are another characteristic of the present system. The laws are evaded, the officers are bribed; the country is robbed. Over one hundred millions of dollars were lost last year through downright villainy, and the deficiencies of wealthy knaves must be made good by toiling honesty.

WHERE THE MONEY GOES.

A large portion of the taxes now raised is applied to worse than useless purposes. The Freedmen's Bureau costs twelve millions annually, a sum equal to the entire yearly expense of the government under some of the earlier administrations. That institution feeds, clothes and supports a host of malignant Southern haters, negro fanatics and greedy adventurers, backed by the federal army. It has done more to breed bitterness and discontent among the Southern people than the war itself. The military establishments at the South are another kind of useless and extravagant expenditure. It is costing from sixty to one hundred millions annually.—High Radical authority estimates that it will take ten years to reconstruct the South by the present process. The lowest possible amount for which this partisan enterprise can be completed will be eight hundred millions of dollars. Are the people of this nation to be impoverished, in order that the days of niggerism and fanaticism may be long in the land? Are the masses of the country to be mercilessly taxed, robbed and ruined, in order that corruption may prosper, love of power be satisfied, and the supremacy of Radicalism be assured? We look for such a response to these questions as will wipe out the abominations of the bayonet, restore civil and constitutional governments to the South, exclude the African element from the sphere of politics, and re-establish the American Union upon the ancient foundations of equal justice and popular affection.

A REMEDY POSSIBLE.

Let us recur to the remedy for the manifold wrongs to which we have referred. The reconstruction question, whatever difficulties it may present to bitter partisans, is capable of a safe and easy adjustment through the exercise of an honest and liberal patriotism. The simple application of the principles of the Federal Constitution will remove every obstacle and effect a peaceful, permanent, and satisfactory settlement. If that instrument possesses the perfection with which every lover of his country invests it, it will not be found wanting at the critical juncture. The Constitution which has blessed the people with liberty and crowned this land with greatness will not now prove inadequate to the designs of its authority and leave the vital interests of the Union at the mercy of rude chances and political passions. Let its provisions be applied, and representatives of the South, elected by the only qualified voters of that section, will take their seats in Congress, subject only to the condition imposed upon members from other parts of the land; the natural relations between the Southern States and the General Government will be resumed, and the Union of the States, triumphantly restored, will return in form, in fact, and freedom to the original glory of her first and best estate. The restoration of the South will open the way to great financial relief. When her people are relieved of the domination of the bayonets and the blacks, they will be encouraged to productive pursuits; general prosperity will revive their palsied energies, and their assistance will be happily felt in removing the great burden of debt which now impedes the national progress. The costly national nuisance, the Freedmen's Bureau, will be abolished, and common sense having mastered the situation will decree that negroes, like white men, must either work or starve. The expensive Southern military establishment will be acknowledged unnecessary, and with their disappearance tax-payers will thank God and take courage. A fair taxation of the Federal securities will yield many millions of revenue. The national banks suggest another opportunity of retrenchment. They own between three and four hundred millions in Federal bonds, upon which they draw interest. These bonds are deposited with the Government, and for every $100,000 so deposited, they receive $90,000 in national bank notes. These notes constitute their circulation, and with them they carry on the business, and earn the profits of banking proper. The interest accruing on their deposited bonds is so much premium paid them, in addition to the regular earnings of their business. They receive the benefit of just ninety per cent. more capital than they have invested, and this gratuitous premium comes from the pockets of the people. Justice requires that this sum, amounting to between twenty and thirty millions annually, be saved to the public. The simple process of recalling the national bank notes and substituting for the bonds legal tenders as banking currency will effect the needed result, and another sinkhole for the earnings of laborers will be effectually stopped. In the matter of revenue, fewer articles could be taxed, and through a more perfect and more honest mode of assessment and collection, much larger returns could be realized. Congressional extravagance and corruption should be reformed. Investigating committees should be abolished. Land grants and railroad swindles should be abandoned. The Indian wars, like the last, should be avoided. Territorial purchases should be suspended. Countless other modes of waste and fraud could be corrected, and a portion of the savings set aside for the final redemption of the debt. A sinking fund for this purpose, made up of bond taxation, the premium paid the national banks and the money wasted in Africanizing the South, would redeem every dollar of the debt in less than twenty years. The way to this desired end could be opened by the substitution of legal tenders for the bonds as rapidly as may be consistent with safety. Millions now paid in interest would thus be economized, and, with the aid of a restored and producing South, the end of our financial troubles would speedily approach.

CONCLUSION.

Having thus attempted to set forth your wrongs, and the possibility of a remedy, we now appeal to you to work out the needed reformation. Whatever evils may result from bad government, the people are the sufferers. Whatever reforms are effected must be brought about by and through the people themselves. The people have it in their power to remove the giant iniquities whose shadows darken the land. They have but to speak, and the enemies of their peace would be powerless, the dignity of the constitution and the laws will be vindicated, and their now imperilled country rescued from impending danger, purified and strengthened by its trials, will resume its majestic march in the paths of greatness, happiness and freedom. A movement has been inaugurated in this city for the organization of the friends of law and order and honest government, as against the forces of Radicalism in West Virginia. The movement will extend to every county; it will find co-operation in every township and school district in the State. We invite and urge you to join hands in the great work of political redemption.

Other States have taken the lead and are already enjoying the first fruits of victory. From Connecticut to California, from the Atlantic to the Pacific, the people have interchanged the tidings of deliverance, and both oceans have heard their wild shout of gladness and triumph. The Central States of Ohio and Pennsylvania have responded with glorious deeds that yet thrill the nation. The Empire State has arisen with a mighty proclamation for the right, and the manifestation of her power, like the restless march of a conquering host, points out the path of destiny and bids the nation follow. Already we hear the footsteps of approaching political revolution. It is advancing with an energy that gives assurance of its triumphant progress even unto the end.—Let the people of Virginia fall in with the hosts that move to the rescue of our government and its institutions. While others are fighting and triumphing, let them, too, participate in the struggle and contribute to the result. We invoke your aid in your own behalf, in behalf of good government, and the attendant blessings of justice, liberty and progress. Unite for the restoration of your lost prosperity. Labor for the overthrow of organized fanaticism, corruption and folly. Act, act, act for the sake of peace, Union, freedom and humanity.

PLAN OF ORGANIZATION OF THE CONSERVATIVE PEOPLE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

STATE ORGANIZATION.

A State Committee, to consist of a chairman and thirty members—six of whom shall reside in Raleigh and three in each judicial district—to be appointed by the State Convention.

The committee shall have power to maintain its organization by filling vacancies, &c., and shall take charge of all matters relating to organization, registrations, &c., and a proper canvass of the State.

DISTRICT ORGANIZATION.

The members of the State Committee in each judicial district shall constitute a district Committee for their respective districts and shall appoint a Chairman, and shall take charge of all matters relating to county organization, &c., in their respective districts; and shall report all matters relating thereto, to the Chairman of the State Committee.

COUNTY ORGANIZATION.

It is recommended that each County, by popular meetings or through the medium of existing organization, appoints a County Committee, to consist of at least two persons from each Captain's District within its limits.

The County Committee shall take charge of all matters of registration, local organization, &c., within the County, and is requested to make monthly reports to the Chairman of the District Committee, and when necessary, to inform him of such local matters as may require the attention of the District Committee.

It is further recommended that each County Committee cause to be enrolled the names of all the registered voters of their county, who are willing to act and vote with this organization—no man to be thus enrolled without his express consent; and, also, that they cause to be enrolled on a separate list the names of all those who are entitled to register, but who have not done so, and that they use every exertion to secure their registration and active co-operation.

PLATFORM.

The Conservative people of North Carolina, having by their delegates assembled in Convention at Raleigh, on the 5th of February, 1868, to consider the present anomalous condition of the State, and of the country, and to consult together upon the grievances which now afflict and threaten them, and the course of action proper to be adopted in the trying circumstances which surround them, do resolve and declare

1. Our unalterable devotion to the principles of Constitutional liberty, and our fealty to the government of the United States, as set forth in the Federal Constitution. That we sincerely and in good faith accept the legitimate and legal results of the late war, and do hereby reiterate our oft repeated declaration, that we most heartily desire peace and concord with our sister States, and with the entire people of the United States.

2. *Resolved*, That regarding the Constitution of the United States as the source of all power in the administration of the government, and that the powers of the Executive, Legislative and Judicial departments are equal and co-ordinate, as defined by that instrument, we do respectfully and solemnly protest against the enforcement upon our people, of the Reconstruction Acts, and policy of Congress, as unconstitutional, unwise and destructive to society, and violative of that great principle of American politics, that each State shall have the exclusive control of its own internal affairs.

3. *Resolved*, That it is the opinion of this Convention that the great and all absorbing issue, now soon to be presented to the people of the State, is negro suffrage and negro equality, if not supremacy, and whether hereafter in North Carolina and the South, the white man is to be placed politically and, as a consequence, socially, upon a footing of equality with the negro, and, in many localities, subject to his government as a superior. That we are utterly opposed to such change in our government and in our social relations, and that we do hereby earnestly recommend to the people of the State to manfully meet the issue now attempted to be forced upon them, and to use every proper measure within their power to avert the impending mischief.

4. *Resolved*, That while we are unalterably opposed to political and social equality with the black race, we yet have no unjust prejudicies against that race, that we are determined, by just laws, to protect them fully in all their civil rights, and to confer upon them all privileges which can be done consistently with the safety and welfare of both races.

5. *Resolved*, That the distressed and impoverished condition of our people earnestly demands the speediest and wisest measures of relief that the Legislature can devise.

6. *Resolved*, That this Convention recognizes, with feelings of gratitude, the heroic and patriotic efforts of the President of the United States, to restore the Union and harmony and good will among the American people.

7. *Resolved*, That this Convention regards the Supreme Court of the United States as the legitimate expounder in the last resort of the Constitution—and believe that its rights and powers, in that respect, should be preserved intact as established by law in the earlier and better days of the republic, and that any serious impairment thereof, by legislation or otherwise, will be destructive to the best interests of the country, and dangerous to the liberties of the people.

8. *Resolved*, That despairing of any restoration of the Southern States under the conduct of that organization which now controls the proceedings of Congress, waiving all former party feeling and prejudice, this Convention does most unhesitatingly recommend and invite the hearty co-operation of all the good people of North Carolina with the Democrats, and Conservative men of the North and West, who are now nobly struggling for the maintenance of the Constitution of the United States, and the restoration of the Southern States to their rights in the Union, on the solid foundation of harmony and peace.

9. *Resolved*, That this Convention elect four delegates and four alternates for the State at large, to represent the conservative people of North Carolina in the next Democratic National Convention, and that it recommend to the conservative people of the several Congressional Districts, to appoint delegates at an early day to represent them in said Convention.

10. *Resolved*, That when an election shall be ordered for the ratification of a new State Constitution, the Executive Committee for the State, hereafter to be appointed by this Convention, be instructed, if the time shall be sufficient to call a Convention of the Conservative people of the State, to put in nomination candidates for the various State offices whose election shall then be ordered, and if there shall not be sufficient time to call said Convention, to put in nomination sound Conservative men for said office.

CONSERVATIVE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

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R. C. Badger, Esq., " Secretary.

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2nd District—H. R. Bryan, Geo. V. Strong, T. S. Kenan.

3rd District—Hon. Geo. Howard, J. J. Davis, M. W. Ransom.

4th District—J. M. Leach, L. Brown, J. T. Morehead, Jr.

5th District—E. D. Hall, A. McLean, Hon. T. S. Ashe.

6th District—R. M. Armfield, W. M. Robbins J. H. Wilson.

7th District—Plato Durham, A. C. Avery, M. L. McCorkle.

8th District—R. M. Stokes, Cassius Gudger, W. L. Love.

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1st. District.—Messrs. W. N. H. Smith, of Hertfort, M. L. Eure, of Gates, and W. A. Moore, of Chowan.

2nd. District.—George Howard, of Edgecombe, F. B. Satterthwaite, of Beaufort, and J. E. Moore, of Martin.

3rd. District.—C. S. Wooten, of Wayne, H. R. Bryan, of Craven, and John M. Perry, of Carteret.

4th. District.—A. A. McKoy, of Sampson, Thomas S. Kenan, of Duplin, and J. A. Engelhard, of New Hanover.

5th. District.—Archibald McLean, of Cumberland, Thos. S. Ashe, of Anson, and W. L. Steele, of Richmond.

6th. District.—M. W. Ransom, of Northampton, Jo. J. Davis, of Franklin, Willis H. Jenkins, of Granville.

7th. District.—J. T. Morehead, Jr., of Guilford, Livingston Brown, of Caswell, H. A. London, Jr., Chatham.

8th. District.—J. M. Leach, of Davidson, W. M. Robbins, of Rowan, Rufus L. Patterson, of Forsythe.

9th. District.—Plato Durham, of Cleaveland, J. H. Watson, of Mecklenburg, Jno. F. Hoke, of Lincoln.

10th. District.—A. C. Avery, of Burke, R. F. Armfield, of Wilkes, A. F. Simonton, of Iredell.

11th. District.—Marcus Erwin, of Buncombe, N. Kelsey, of Madison, Robt. Penland, of Yancey.

12th. District.—Cassius Gudger, of Macon, W. L. Love, of Haywood, L. S. Gash, of Henderson.

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS.

1st. District.—W. F. Martin, of Pasquotank, R. B. Peebles, of Northampton, P. T. Henry, of Bertie.

2nd. District.—Wm. Biggs, of Edgecombe, W. A. Allen, of Duplin, and Maj. Jno. Hughes, of Craven.

3rd. District.—D. C. Allen, of Brunswick, A. J. Jones, of Columbus, Rory McNair, of Robeson.

4th. District.—H. G. Williams, of Nash, T. D. Sneed, of Johnston, W. J. Green, of Warren.

5th. District.—Levi M. Scott, of Guilford, S. S. Jackson, of Randolph, Frank C. Robbins, of Davidson.

6th. District.—Robt. D. Johnston, of Charlotte, S. H. Walkup, of Union, M. L. McCorkle, of Catawba.

7th. District.—Thad. D. Bryson, of Jackson, Jas. H. Merrimon, of Buncombe, A. M. Erwin, of McDowell.

JUDICIAL DISTRICTS.

First District—Currituck, Perquimans, Hertford, Camden, Chowan, Bertie, Pasquotank, Gates.

Second District—Tyrrel, Beaufort, Edgecombe, Hyde, Martin, Washington, Pitt.

Third District—Craven, Greene, Wayne, Carteret, Onslow, Wilson, Jones, Lenoir.

Fourth District—Brunswick, Columbus, Robeson, New Hanover, Bladen, Duplin, Sampson.

Fifth District—Cumberland, Richmond, Stanly, Harnett, Anson, Union, Moore, Montgomery.

Sixth District—Northampton, Wake, Johnson, Warren, Nash, Granville, Halifax, Franklin.

Seventh District—Person, Randolph, Caswell, Orange, Guilford, Rockingham, Chatham, Alamance.

Eighth District—Stokes, Rowan, Surry, Forsyth, Davie, Davidson, Yadkin.

Ninth District—Union, Lincoln, Rutherford, Cabarrus, Gaston, Polk, Mecklenburg, Cleaveland.

Tenth District—Iredell, Caldwell, Alexander, Burke, Wilkes, McDowell.

Eleventh District—Alleghany, Mitchell, Watauga, Buncombe, Ashe, Yancey, Madison.

Twelfth District—Henderson, Macon, Cherokee, Transylvania, Jackson, Haywood, Clay.

MISCELLANEOUS.

PIANO FORTE AGENCY.

WILSON & WALKE,

BOOKSELLERS AND STATIONERS,

No. 1 MAIN STREET,

NORFOLK, VA.,

BEG to inform their friends in town and country, and the public, that they are now prepared to execute orders for the following first-class manufacturers, the Agency of all of which they have secured, viz:

Steinway & Sons, New York,
Knabe & Co., Baltimore,
H. F. Miller, Boston,
Grovesteen & Co., New York

GRAND SQUARE AND UPRIGHT PIANO FORTES.

A supply of each of which will always be kept on hand and offered at manufacturers' prices.

The acknowledged reputation of these instruments—being of superior quality—renders unnecessary comment, and our guarantee—which accompanies each Piano—with our large and varied stock to select from, affords unusual advantages to persons in want of a first class instrument. In store and expected

FOUR SPLENDID INSTRUMENTS.

Second-hand Pianos bought, sold and exchanged for new ones. Pianos tuned and repaired by experienced workmen.

Circulars and Catalogues of the above Pianos sent postpaid on application.

WILSON & WALKE.

to Aug 24

PIANOS! PIANOS!! PIANOS!!

Chas. M. Stieff, Manufacturer of 1st Premium Grand and Square Pianos, Factories, 84 and 86 Camden St., and 45 and 47 Perry St. Office and Wareroom, No. 7 N. Liberty St., above Baltimore Street, Baltimore, Md.

All of our Pianos are of the New Style, with the Agraffe Treble and Ivory Fronts, and have all the latest improvements. Warranted for five years.

Second Hand Pianos and Parlor Organs always on hand from $50 to $300.

I respectfully refer to the following persons who have our Pianos in use:

Gen. Robt. E. Lee, Lexington, Va.; Gen. Robt. Ransom, Wilmington, N. C.; Wm. F. Mercer, Weeks B. Parker, James R. Thigpen, John W. Johnson, A. Braswell, Dr. G. C. Sugg, Mrs. M. M. Oates and John Thorp, of Edgecombe; G. A. Selby, Wilson, N. C., and Rev. C. B. Riddick, Kittrell Springs, N. C.

A call is solicited. Terms liberal. tf.

The North Carolinian.

"Breathes there a man with soul so dead,
Who never to himself hath said,
This is my own, my native land."

Raleigh, Thursday, March 19, 1868.

We announce with peculiar gratification that the Chairman of the State Executive Committee, on yesterday, received a telegram from the Hon. Thomas S. Ashe, conveying his acceptance of the nomination for Governor, tendered through the committee, by the white men of North Carolina.

When the true people of the State shall come to know the personal sacrifices made by Mr. Ashe, in consenting to become their standard bearer in this contest for liberty, law and civilization, they will all the more highly esteem and love him. He deserves their fullest confidence, their warmest love, and their most cordial and earnest support.

We congratulate our people upon the acceptance. It gives us as a leader a pure-minded, great-hearted, courteous and able Christian gentleman—a man, whose mental and moral qualities tower mountain-like in comparison with those of his competitor. We invite—yea, we challenge comparison between these recognized leaders of the parties in the State, and we dare any honest man to declare the superior fitness of the Radical candidate for the position for which they are respectively nominated.

True to his trust always, faithful to his principles and steadfast in his devotion to the right, North Carolina has no son worthier to guide her destinies than is he, who patriotically and generously accepts the leadership of her sons in this hour of trial and danger. We appeal to our fellow-citizens to give to Mr. Ashe their hearty support. Let him be aided by eloquent tongues and warm hearts all over the State, and the eve of the 23d of April will find the old Mother State redeemed from the withering curse of Radical and negro rule. God speed the right.

The Western Democrat of the 17th inst., publishes a letter addressed to the people of North Carolina, and written by Col. Wm. B. Rodman, Radical candidate for Associate Justice of the State Supreme Court, in which he attempts to defend the late convention from the charge that it had framed a constitution "tending to produce social equality between the races." Referring especially to the ordinances on the militia and the common school systems, the writer of the letter vindicates the convention by stating that that body does not *require* that white men and negroes shall be enrolled in the same companies, and that white and negro children shall attend the same schools, but leaves the regulation of these matters to the General Assembly. We admit the statements, but submit that Col. Rodman evades the charge. The convention did not require these things, but it flatly refused to forbid them, by defeating amendments to each of the ordinances looking to that end. It has also, so gerrymandered the Senatorial districts of the State as to secure a Senate thoroughly Radical in its politics, in case of the ratification of the constitution.

Will such a legislature do that which the convention has not had the courage to do? We believe not. We believe that the legislature elected under the new constitution, depending for its existence upon the votes of the negroes of the State, will not dare to refuse the social recognition of the negro; and that the laws will be so altered as to produce that result, so far as they can do so. Will the legislature be more moderate in its views or demands than the convention has been, especially, if by the ratification of the constitution the Radicals secure the ascendency in the State? No sane man can believe it. These Radicals *do* favor the social equality of the races, and no denial or special pleading can save them from its consequences. We warn the white men of North Carolina against these attempts to deceive them. Fearing your righteous indignation, it is sought to delude you by subterfuges and deceptions, of which only political tricksters and adventurers are guilty.

The third specification noticed by Col. Rodman is that the Convention, and the Radical party, favor intermarriages between the races. Col. Rodman denies. We affirm, and cite as proof the fact that the Convention, on Friday, passed an ordinance legalizing marriages performed under licenses issued by the military authorities, after it had been informed that marriages between between white men and negro women had occurred under precisely the circumstances mentioned in the ordinance. In addition to this it defeated an amendment to that ordinance excepting such marriages from its operations.

White men of North Carolina, which will you believe? We trust that our people will not allow themselves to be deceived by Radical protestations, made from motives of policy and in treachery.

To defeat these infamous and degrading purposes, fellow-citizens, it behoves you to be active, vigilant and energetic. Apathy, sloth or negligence will prove fatal to our dearest hopes and most precious rights.

Mr. Rodman's Letter.

Below is an address by Wm. B. Rodman, Esq., in the form of a letter, to the people of North Carolina. In order that the late friends and admirers of Mr. Rodman, among the respectable and decent people of the State may see and appreciate the true position of this degenerate son of North Carolina, we have given him the benefit of a publication. Many of his old friends have been loth to believe him a Radical, but this address places him before them in his true light.

It is not necessary for us to inform the intelligent reader that the statements contained in the address are utterly at variance with the facts in the case, and as to the question of social equality, it may be fair to presume that when Mr. Rodman penned his letter, he had not been on a footing of social equality with negroes, as he was, in the drunken orgie at the Capitol on Monday night.

The following is the address to which we shall again have occasion to refer:

RALEIGH, N. C., March 8, 1868.

To the People of North Carolina:

It is frequently asserted by the Conservative press and speakers, that this Convention has adopted in the new Constitution, provisions tending to produce social equality between the white and colored races, and even to degrade the white race below the colored. The necessary ignorance prevailing at this time, as to the actual proceedings of the Convention, may allow a temporary currency to such misrepresentations. I declare them entirely unfounded. The specifications are generally as follows: 1st. It is declared, especially in a hand bill circulated in Beaufort county, that the Convention has *required* that white and colored men shall be enrolled and mustered in the same militia company. This is palpably erroneous. The 2d Section of the Report on Militia, which has been adopted, says: "The General Assembly shall provide for the reorganizing, arming, equipping and disciplining of the militia, and for paying the same when called into active service." Thus the whole matter is left to the Legislature, as it always heretofore has been, and until that body shall alter the law, it will remain as it now is.

2d. It is said that the Convention require white and colored children to attend the same schools. This is equally erroneous. The 10th Section of the Report of the Committee on Education empowers the Board of Education "to legislate and make all needful rules and regulations in relation to free public schools," &c.; and Section 2d gives the General Assembly a control over the whole subject. The Board of Education consists of the Governor, Lieut. Governor, Secretary of State, State Treasurer, Auditor, Superintendent of Public Works, Superintendent of Public Instruction, and the Attorney General—all of whom are elected by the people. So that before children of different races can be required to attend the same schools, or to be instructed by teachers of a different color from their own, it must be sanctioned by these high officers, elected by the people, of which a majority of at least 50,000 voters are white, and also by a Legislature elected in a State which contains 89 counties, in at least 70 of which there are white majorities.

3d. It is charged that the Convention favors intermarriages between the different races because it refused to insert in the constitution a clause forbidding them. The convention did so refuse; not because any man of any color in it favored such intermarriages, any more than they favored mixed militia companies, or mixed schools. No single individual in the convention favored any of these things. But it was thought the constitution was no proper place for provisions respecting them. None such were contained in the constitutions of 1776 or of 1835, nor in the constitution which was framed in 1855, by the very men who now insist that the constitution now being formed, degrades white men because it does not contain them. Further, section 24 of the report of the committee on the judicial department, declare "the laws of North Carolina not repugnant to this constitution, shall be enforced until lawfully altered." The effect of this to continue the present law which prohibits mixed marriages, as well as the present laws respecting the militia and schools are continued in force until positively altered by the legislature.

These observations must convince every candid man who wishes to know the truth, that the charges against the Republican party in the convention, on these subjects, are palpably false, and if they continue to be made after this correction, they must be deemed insincere, and intended to deceive.

WM. B. RODMAN.

The New Constitution.

This loyal document has been completed, and was published in the official organ of the Convention yesterday morning. It will be furnished the readers of the North Carolinian at an early day.

A white man's club is to be organized at Goldsboro this evening.

A grand Conservative Mass Meeting is to be held on Saturday, the 21st inst., when nominations will be made for the county offices. Several gentlemen propose canvassing the county throughout.

A Conservative mass meeting will be held at Halifax on the 21st.

The Most Rev. Prince Lucien Louis Joseph Napoleon Bonaparte, priest and prothonotary apostolic, whose elevation to the Cardinalate has been announced from Rome, is the son of Charles Jules Laurent Lucien Bonaparte and Zenaide Charlotte Julie Bonaparte. His father was son of Lucien, brother of Napoleon I., and his mother was the daughter of Joseph, eldest brother of the great Emperor. His parents were, consequently, cousins-german. His Eminence the Prince Cardinal was born on November 15th, 1828. One of his aunts, Letitia, married Mr. Thomas Wyse, formerly British Minister to Greece. Another, Constantia, is Abbess of the Convent of the Sacred Heart of Rome.

From the semi-annual report of General Francis H. Smith, Superintendent of the Virginia Military Institute, it appears that the institution is in a most flourishing condition. The rolls show two hundred and eighty students present during the half session.

Virginia papers are recommending the manufacture of sugar from beats.

PUBLIC MEETINGS.

THE WHITE MEN OF THE STATE IN COUNCIL.

The white men of North Carolina are rallying to the defence of the old constitution, our old laws, and our old customs, and are gallantly combining against the innovations of the yankees, negroes and would-be-negroes of the State.

We have not space to copy in full the proceedings of the many meetings daily sent us for publication, but below will be found condensed proceedings received by yesterday's mail.

The nominating convention of Wilson county was held in the court house in Wilson on Saturday last. The meeting unanimously nominated Gen. Joshua Barnes for the Senate; for House of Representatives, Dr. J. M. Taylor; for Sheriff, B. F. Briggs. Further nominations were deferred.

The meeting was addressed by the Hon. Geo. Howard, of Tarboro.

The white men of Pitt have also been in session, nominating for the Senate Maj. John Peebles; for the House of Representatives Dr. John S. Taft and Col. L. G. Little; for Sheriff, Wm. Flanekin; and Geo. A. Dancey and James B. Cherry for County and Superior Court Clerks.

Appropriate and patriotic resolutions were passed at the Pitt county meeting.

In Wayne on Saturday, the County Executive Committee met and nominated for Sheriff, J. T. Kennedy; for Superior Court Clerk, W. G. Hollowell; for County Court Clerk, Capt. T. W. Slocumb; for House of Representatives, Messrs. E. A. Wright and Council S. Wooten. A delegation of gentlemen was appointed to meet a delegation from Greene on Friday, the 20th, to nominate a Senator for the two counties.

White Man's Rally in Sampson.

There was a grand gathering of the clans of old Sampson, in Clinton, on Saturday last, to organize for the coming campaign. The meeting was one of the largest and most respectable ever known in the county, and the feeling evinced on the occasion gave gratifying assurance that our countymen are fully alive to the issues at stake in the impending crisis.

We know the people of old Sampson well, and it is within our personal knowledge that there is not a respectable white man among them who sympathises with the Nigger-Radical party, or who will endorse the damnable proceedings of the late so-called constitutional convention. But to the meeting.

It was organized by calling Dr. Thomas Bunting to the chair, and the appointment of L. C. King and James M. Moseley, Esqrs., Secretaries. Resolutions endorsing the principles set forth in the platform of the late Conservative convention held in this city, and the plan of organization proposed by that body, were adopted.

The meeting pledged an energetic support of the nominees of the State Executive committee. District and Executive committees were appointed, and the work of thorough organization perfected, by which an active canvass will be had to arouse the people and bring them to polls.

After the adoption of sundry resolutions, Col. A. A. McKoy, the most popular gentleman in the county, addressed the house in a masterly speech that surpassed, if possible, any previous effort of the gifted orator.

The greatest harmony characterized the proceedings of the Convention, which adjourned at a late hour, to meet on Saturday, the 28th inst., on which occasion addresses will be made by many distinguished speakers from abroad.

Fourth Congressional District.

The delegates to the Conservative District Convention for the Fourth District, composed of the counties of Wake, Johnston, Chatham, Orange, Franklin, Granville, Warren and Nash, are respectfully requested to meet in convention, at Henderson, Granville county, on Thursday, the 19th inst., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Congress and to appoint delegates to the National Democratic Convention. Full and prompt attendance is earnestly requested.

W. J. GREEN,
H. G. WILLIAMS,
T. D. SNEAD,
District Committee.

March 9th, 1868.

NEWS AND MISCELLANY.

A wild man, supposed by the negroes to be the Devil, has made his appearance at Vicksburg, Mississippi, and caused several general scatterations of the "Loyal League." The league, as a consequence of negro superstition, meets no more at night.

Negro outrages on unprotected white females, are of daily occurrence throughout the country.

In order that our readers may understand quite as much about the Kux-Klux Klan as we do, we append the following form of summons, being a copy of an order recently posted in Nashville, Tennessee:

ATTENTION, I. O. V.!—Dem, No. 1, March 4th, 1868.—Special orders No. 14.—You are hereby commanded to meet in secret conclave to-morrow night (5th), at twelve o'clock. The cock shall crow thrice. The serpent's head shall be crushed. So say you all.

By order of the
MOST WORSHIPFUL GRAND TURK.

It is not so safe a thing to kiss a young girl in Indiana just now, provided she has a "big brother."

Stanton's effort to make himself a martyr has, it is said, seriously effected his health.

Vegetation has been discovered in the moon.

Hon. John Minor Botts is mentioned in connection with the Vice Presidency.

What between dog fights and taking the bankrupt act, Louisville, Kentucky, is said to be a lively place.

Stanton is a native of Virginia.

By a singular omission the platform of the Ohio Republican convention does not endorse the reconstruction policy of Congress, and this policy is not directly mentioned in either the Massachusetts or Pennsylvania platform.

Henry Derringer, the inventor of the pistol which bears his name, died recently in Philadelphia, aged eighty-one years. He won the friendship of President Jackson, who was his guest at times, and of subsequent Presidents and notables at Washington, prominent among whom were Calhoun, Benton, Rusk, Sevier and others, and the chiefs of the Cherokee and other Indian nations, who manifested warm and friendly interest in his advancement, and whose regard—often exhibited in visits at his hospitable home—he retained until death pursuing age bore nearly all his chief contemporaries out of mortal association. He was prominent in Philadelphia affairs for sixty years.

BY TELEGRAPH.

TO THE DAILY NORTH CAROLINIAN.

For General Market Reports see Commercial Intelligence on Third Page.

OUR NOON DISPATCHES.

Washington Items.

WASHINGTON, March 18.

It is stated that the impeachment managers are examining the President's witnesses with a view of shortening the trial, by admitting any points he may desire and be able to prove.

The opinion in the McCardle case, it is said, is prepared, Judges Miller and Swayne dissenting. The opinion, it is also said, is strongly adverse to the constitutionality of the reconstruction acts; but it is doubtful whether it will be promulgated before the bill forbidding it becomes a law. Judgment cannot be rendered after the act removing jurisdiction becomes a law. See Chism *vs.* State of Georgia.

Fire in Monroe, Mich.

MONROE, Mich., March 18.

Fire has occurred here, destroying a hotel, an Episcopal Church, the post office and other buildings. Loss $100,000.

News per Cable.

HAVANA, March 18.

The Bishop of Havana has ordered the curates throughout the island not to ring the bells during Lersundis' passage, in consequence of Lersundis' permission to Bistori to play Teresa against the Bishop's protest. Lersundis ordered the bishop to leave the island for insubordination.

OUR MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

Congressional.

WASHINGTON, March 18.

SENATE—The tax bill discussed. No other important action.

HOUSE—The bill declaring provisions in the State constitutions making political distinctions on account of color void, was discussed.

Stevens proposed a substitute giving suffrage to every male born or naturalized in the United States, and forbidding distinctions of any kind on any account, except conviction of crime at common law. Supported by a long speech.

The bill and substitute were referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Farnsworth, from the Reconstruction Committee, reported a bill admitting Alabama to representation. The bill is somewhat similar to the one recommitted yesterday.

Farnsworth notified the House that he would ask a vote to-morrow.

Adjourned.

Mississippi Convention.

JACKSON, MISS., MAR. 18.

Nothing of importance transpired in the convention to-day.

From Louisiana.

NEW ORLEANS, March 18.

The examination of Gov. Baker on the charge of perjury, preferred by a freedman, commenced before the United States Commissioner this morning.

Alderman Toubert, colored, has brought suit for ten thousand dollars damages against the Convent of the Sacred Heart, an educational institution, for denying a member of his family admittance to its privileges.

Sergeant Bates'

COLUMBIA, S. C. March 18.

Sergeant Bates, with his flag unfurled, arrived here this evening. Hundreds awaited his arrival on the banks of the Congaree river. He was welcomed by Major Mellon on behalf of the citizens and escorted to McKinson's Hotel. He will be serenaded to-night.

Washington Items.

WASHINGTON, March 18.

The President being engaged with his counsel, but few visitors were admitted.

Gov. Brownlow telegraphs that he don't want Federal assistance.

Revenue to-day $247,000.

Considerable opposition to paying for Alaska, developed in the House committee on foreign affairs.

McCulloch denies locking up greenbacks or purchasing seven-thirties.

The Attorney General protests against reduction in appropriations for that debt.

The celebrated cotton cases from Springfield, Illinois, were argued in the Supreme Court to-day. The cotton was captured in Onachita, by portions of the fleet, and involves half million.

The Alabama legislature is to meet in thirty days after the passage of the new act. The second section of the old bill is omitted in the new one.

Flood.

ALBANY, N. Y. March 18.

No trains running over the Hudson River and Central Roads on account of a great flood.

Virginia Convention.

RICHMOND, March 18.

The Convention has adopted an ordinance levying a tax of three cents on every hundred dollars worth of real and personal property, to be collected by sheriffs to pay the expenses of the Convention.

A proposition to petition Congress for the money was voted down.

Gen. Schofield has issued an order explaining that his order suspending sales under deeds of trust, does not apply to debts contracted after April, 1865, nor since the date of the order.

An Affair of Honor.

AUGUSTA, GA., March 18.

A duel took place this morning at Sand Bar ferry, between Sam Williams and W. Jordan, citizens of Atlanta. No body hurt.

News per Cable.

LONDON, March 18.

The whole Irish reform measure goes over to the next session of Parliament.

DISTRICT CONVENTION.

The delegates to nominate a White Man's Solicitor for the 7th Judicial District will be held at Greensboro, on Wednesday the 25th of March, being the same time and place for the holding of the Congressional Convention of the 5th Congressional District.

HENRY A. LONDON, Jr.,
LIVINGSTON BROWN,
J. T. MOREHEAD,
} *Com.*

HEWES & WARNER,

General Commission Merchants, for the sale of Cotton, Seed and Country Produce, and Agents for How's New Jersey Nursery, 18 Commerce Street, Baltimore, Md.

Refer to National Mechanics' Bank, and Worthington & Lewis, Publishers American Farmer.
to mar 14.

TEACHERS.—Two young ladies of good family educated at Salem, North Carolina, with one year's experience in teaching, wish situations as teachers in private families or public institutions. They can teach the English branches, Music, and the rudiments of French and Latin. Apply to Mrs. M. E. Phillips, Jackson, Northampton county, N. C. i-1-5t.

DIED.

In Pitt county, on the 20th of February last after a severe and protracted illness, L. R. LITTLE, son of Colonel L. G. and E. A. Little, in the 22d year of his age.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PUBLIC SPEAKING.

The Candidates for the Legislature and for the different County Offices, will address the people at

Rolesville, Wednesday,	the	1st	day of	April,	1868.
Wakefield, Thursday	"	2d	"	"	"
Hood's, Friday,	"	3d	"	"	"
Auburn, Saturday,	"	4th	"	"	"
Banks', Monday,	"	6th	"	"	"
Barney Jones', Tuesday,	"	7th	"	"	"
Lashley's C. R., Wednesday,		8th	"	"	"
Green Level, Thursday,		9th	"	"	"
Morrisville, Friday,		10th	"	"	"
Franklin's, Saturday,		11th	"	"	"
Sorrell's, Monday,		13th	"	"	"
Hayes' Store, Tuesday,		14th	"	"	"
Oak Grove, Wednesday,		15th	"	"	"
Thompson's, Thursday,		16th	"	"	"
Laws', Friday,		17th	"	"	"
Forestville, Saturday,		18th	"	"	"

R. K. FERRELL, Sheriff.

March 18th, 1868,—td.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.
NORTHAMPTON COUNTY.

B. C. Waller to use of Wm. Grant, Guard'n *vs.* H. L. Bowden.	Attachment pending in the Superior Court of Law for Northampton County, N. C. Fall Term, 1867.

IT is ordered by the Court that publication be made in the North Carolinian, a newspaper published in the city of Raleigh, N. C., for six weeks, notifying the defendant, the said H. L. Bowden, to appear at the next term of the Court, to be held at the court house in Jackson, on the fifth Monday after the fourth Monday in March, 1868, then and there to replevy, plead or answer, or judgment will be rendered against him.

Witness, Wm. T. Buxton, Clerk of our said Court at office, the fifth Monday after the fourth Monday in September, 1867.

WM. T. BUXTON, C. S. C.

March 17.—6w.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.
NORTHAMPTON COUNTY.

M. W. Smallwood, Adm'r of L. Futrell *vs.* H. L. Bowden.—Attachment pending in the Superior Court of Law for Northampton county N. C. Fall Term, 1867.

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Witness, Wm. T. Buxton, Clerk of our said Court at office, the fifth Monday after the fourth Monday in September, 1867.

WM. T. BUXTON, C. S. C.

March 17.—6w.

J. B. HUNTER & CO.,

Cotton Factors and General Produce and Commission Merchants.

CORNER HIGH AND WATER STREETS,
PORTSMOUTH, VA.

Consignments solicited. feb 11-3m.

THE BEST WATER WHEEL IS LEFFEL'S Patent Double American Turbine, Manufactured by POOLE & HUNT, Baltimore, Md.

Send for a circular. to may 4.

WHEELER & WILSON'S LOCK STITCH FAMILY SEWING MACHINE.

Over 300,000 Sold. Are adapted to all kinds of Family Sewing, Army Clothing, and to the use of Seamstresses, Dress Makers, Tailors, Manufacturers of Shirts, Collars, Skirts, Cloaks, Mantillas, Clothing, Hats, Caps, Corsets, Ladies' Boots and Shoes, Linen and Cotton goods, with silk, cotton linen thread. They will seam, quilt, gather, hem, fell, cord, braid, bind and perform every species of sewing, making a beautiful and perfect stitch, alike on both sides of the articles sewed. Sold at Manufacturer's Prices.

W. MERRELL, Agent,
214 W. Baltimore St., Baltimore, Md.
to sep7w.

MACKENZIE BROTHERS,

No. 224 Baltimore Street, near Charles, Baltimore, Md., Importers of Coach, Wagon and Saddlery Hardware, Harness Materials, Fellocs, Spokes, Hubs, Bows, Shafts, Axles, Springs, Enameled and Patent Canvass, Enameled Dash and Collar Leather, Coach Varnish, Japan and Leather Varnish, Harness Oil, Blacking, Axle Grease, Carriage Bolts, Bands, Oil Cloth, Buckles, Terrets, Hooks, Bitts, Ornaments, Hames, Lace, Fringes, &c., all at the lowest price.
to may 28.

SECOND CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

(*Composed of the Counties of Edgecombe, Wilson, Wayne, Duplin, Onslow, Jones, Lenoir, Carteret, Craven, Greene and Pitt.*)

MASS MEETING OF THE CONSERVATIVE PEOPLE AND NOMINATING CONVENTION FOR CONGRESS, AT GOLDSBORO, N. C., ON FRIDAY, THE 25TH DAY OF MARCH, 1868.

There will be a Convention of those Delegates chosen by the counties above named to represent them in the Conservative Convention, which assembled at Raleigh, on the 5th of February, (and such additional number of delegates as those counties may appoint,) at Goldsboro on Friday, 20th of March, 1868, to nominate a candidate for Congress and appoint delegates to the National Democratic Convention.

The Executive Committees in the counties are earnestly requested to cause to be enrolled all qualified voters favorable to the Conservative cause, and to use every legitimate and honorable means to reject the Constitution which will be submitted to the people at an early day, and maintain the supremacy of the white race. *In this crisis North Carolina expects every man to do his duty.*

State Exec. Com., 2nd District. } HENRY R. BRYAN, Ch'n, GEORGE V. STRONG, THOS. S. KENAN.

GUILFORD LAND AGENCY OF NORTH CAROLINA.

Landholders who wish to sell Agricultural or Mineral Lands, Water Powers, Mills, Town Lots, or Real Estate of any kind, will find it to their advantage to place their property in our hands for sale. We have great facilities for procuring purchasers for all such property.

For information, address
JOHN B. GRETTER, General Agent
to Nov 20 Greensboro', N. C.

BOOTS AND SHOES AT WHOLESALE!

We would respectfully inform the Merchants of North Carolina that we have just received from Manufacturers' hands, our second Fall Stock of BOOTS, SHOES, TRUNKS, HATS, &c.

Our stock is again complete in every respect, and we guarantee to furnish all goods in our line at New York wholesale prices.

W. H. TURNER,
T. BOTTIMORE,
W. C. MARROW, JR.,
} W. H. TURNER & CO. Norfolk, Va.

REMOVAL.—In order to accommodate the increasing demand upon us for Boots and Shoes, we shall, on or about the 15th of December next, remove to our large and commodious Iron Front Warehouse, Atlantic Block, Main Street.

W. H. TURNER & CO.
Jan. 30, tf.

WILMINGTON.

HAAS & CO.,

Manufacturers of Men and Boy's Clothing, Front Street, near Market, (Hedrick & Ryan's old Stand,) Wilmington, N. C.

Manufactory 830 Market St., Philadelphia.

Gents' Furnishing Goods, Trunks, Valises, &c. Clothing made to order. to July 27.

J. VAN SICKLE,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Snuff, Tobacco and Cigars, No. 12 Market Street, Wilmington, N. C. to jan'y 2.

GEORGE A. PECK,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Hardware, Paints, Agricultural Implements, &c., No. 15 S. Front Street, Wilmington, N. C.

Nails—all numbers,
Hollow-ware, Cutlery,
Axes—Club, Timber and Boxing.
Plows—Nos. 6, 10, 11, 45, 50, 55, 60, Eagle A. & O.
Feed Cutters, Cornshellers.

Together with a full assortment of Builders' Hardware, Files, &c., which I offer very low to cash buyers.
to jan. 22.

COX, PARMALEE & DIVINE,

Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, Wilmington, N. C.

Office in Flanner's Building, North Water Street, near the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad Depot.

R. M. COX,
CHAS. PARMALEE,
JOHN F. DIVINE.
to April 9.

D. A. SMITH,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in and Manufacturer of Cabinet Furniture, Chairs, Mattresses, Wall Paper, Window Curtains, Shades, etc.—Knock-Down Furniture, for Country Trade, at the lowest prices. Doors, Sash and Blinds, in great variety, always on hand. Houses papered at the shortest notice. North Front Street, Wilmington, N. C. to mar 20.

BALTIMORE.

SPRING AND SUMMER IMPORTATION, OF 1868!

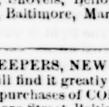
RIBBONS, MILLINERY & STRAW GOODS.

ARMSTRONG, CATOR & CO.,
IEPORTERS & JOBBERS OF
Bonnet, Trimming and Velvet Ribbons, Bonnet Silks, Satins and Velvets, Blonds, Nets, Crapes, Ruches, Flowers, Feathers, Ornaments, Straw Bonnets and Ladies' Hats, (trimmed and untrimmed), Shaker Hoods, &c., &c.,
237 and 239 Baltimore Street,
BALTIMORE, Md.

Offer the largest Stock to be found in this country, and unequalled in choice variety and cheapness, comprising the latest Parisian novelties.
Orders solicited, and prompt attention given.
Baltimore, Md. mar12d3w.

FAIRBANKS' STANDARD SCALES.

FAIRBANKS & CO.,
246 WEST BALTIMORE STREET,
BALTIMORE, MARYLAND,



Weigh, Lock, R. R. Track, Depot, Hay, Coal, Dormant, Warehouse, Platform, Counter, Union, Family, Butchers Druggists, Jewelers, and Bank Scales.

Over one hundred modifications, adapted to every branch of business where a correct and durable scale is required.

A uniform standard of weights, and a correct system of weighing, are subjects claiming the attention of every individual in the community.
—oct 30.

THE CHOICEST AND OLDEST WINE GROWN IN THE STATE.

JOSEPH TAYLOR & CO., California Wines, Brandies and Wine Bitters, the Pure Juice of the Grape. No. 4 North Street, Baltimore, Md
to nov 9.

CEMETERY NOTICE.—Monuments, Tombs, Head and Foot Stones, of Italian and American Marble, of new and beautiful design, always on hand at GADDESS BROS., Steam Marble Works, Corner Sharp and German streets, Baltimore, Md. to oct 23.

POOLE & HUNT,

Baltimore, Md., Manufacturers of Portable and Stationary Steam Engines and Boilers, Steam Fire Engines, Leffel's Patent American Double Turbine Water-Wheel, Portable Grist Mills, Roberts' Barr Regulator, Flouring Mill Machinery, Cotton Screws, Shafting, Pulleys and Hangers.
to may 4.

WILLIAM MANN,

Wholesale Dealer in all kinds of American Clocks, and Manufacturer of Mahogany, Rosewood and Gilt Frame Looking Glasses, N. E. Corner Charles and Lombard Streets, Baltimore, Md.

A large and varied assortment of Toilet Boxes, Work Boxes, Portable Desks and Clock Trimmings, always on hand. —1sep 14.

HARDWARE.

WALTER S. MOORE & CO.,
Wholesale Dealers in
English, German and American Hardware, Cutlery, Axes, Spades, Shovels, Bellows, Vises, &c., No. 4 Light Street, Baltimore, Maryland.
—sep 14.

OLD HOUSE KEEPERS, NEW BEGINNERS, and others, will find it greatly to their advantage to make their purchases of CORTLAN & CO., 216 and 218 Baltimore Street, Baltimore, Md., who import and manufacture the Goods offered by them, and are therefore enabled to sell them at the lowest possible prices.

Housekeeping Articles of every description, from the most ordinary of Kitchen Utensils, to the richest Table and Parlor Ornaments.

CORTLAN & CO.,
Importers of Family Hardware, Plated Goods, China, Glass, Bronzes, Clocks, Fancy Ornaments, Table Cuttery, &c.;
Manufacturers of Block Tin, Japanned Wares, &c., and
Dealers in Wooden Ware, Baskets, Brushes, Mats, &c., &c. [to sep 7.
Baltimore, Md.

WILSON FEMALE SEMINARY,

AT WILSON, N. C.
FACULTY:

Rev. William Hooper, Belles Lettres, Intellectual and Moral Philosophy. J. DeBerniere Hooper, Languages and English Criticism. Thos C. Hooper, Mathematics and Natural Science Richard Goerdeler, Music.

The Boarding Department will be conducted by one of the Principals.

For particular information, apply to
MESSRS. HOOPER, Principals.

The business concerns of the Seminary are in the hands of J. DEB. HOOPER, Proprietor.
to

CUSHINGS & MEDAIRY,

Book, Paper and Stationery House, No. 6 North Howard Street, (Opposite the Howard House,) Baltimore, Maryland. Merchants' Account Books and Printing executed to order.

JOHN CUSHING. RICHARD C. CUSHING.
JACOB MEDAIRY. FRANCIS C. CUSHING.
to sept 14.

The North Carolinian.

Raleigh, Thursday, March 19, 1868.

☞ The North Carolinian is published every morning in the building North-East corner of Fayetteville and Hargett Streets—up stairs.

☞ Entrance under the sign of NICHOLS, GORMAN & NEATHERY, Book and Job Printers.

Travelling Agents for the North Carolinian

THEO. H. HILL, Esq., JOHN C. SYME, Esq., (both of Raleigh).

Receipts of money for subscriptions or advertisements from either of these gentlemen will be valid against this office.

THE NORTH CAROLINIAN FOR THE CAMPAIGN.

The Daily North Carolinian for the campaign will be mailed to subscribers at One Dollar per copy. Clubs of six, Five Dollars.

The North Carolinian is the only Democratic daily in the State, and its friends, and the supporters of the principles it advocates, are requested to aid in extending its circulation.

The Weekly North Carolinian, a large 32 column paper, twice the size of the Daily, will be furnished for the campaign at Fifty Cents; clubs of six, forty cents per copy.

Now is the time to circulate sound Democratic documents.

THE RADICAL CANDIDATE FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL.

In its issue of the sixth of February, the North Carolinian published an article relative to the character of Mr. Wm. M. Coleman, then aspiring to the authorship of a series of biographical sketches of the Radical delegates in the convention.

The charge we made was true, and never denied by Mr. Coleman, as it appeared in this paper, but the Wilmington Journal, in alluding to our article, made a slight error, which brought out a card of denial from Mr. Coleman.

As Mr. Wm. M. Coleman is a candidate for the office of Attorney General of North Carolina, we allude to the matter again by publishing the following from a recent number of the Journal.

Let the people read and see for themselves the class of men whom the party of "great moral ideas" proposes to fasten upon us as permanent officers in the most responsible positions.

The charge of Mr. Coleman's attempted rape of a negro woman is true, the information as first published in this paper, was furnished by some of the most respectable citizens of Concord, the native place of Mr. Coleman, and he will not pretend to deny the facts as stated by us, and repeated in the Journal's article alluded to above.

Says the Wilmington Journal of a recent date:

A short time since we published a statement in regard to this *virtuous* and *honorable* youth, from information we received from one of our exchanges, and because a slight error was made in the relationships of the colored parties, our statement being the daughter instead of the wife, this wonderful piece of propriety and noble representative of North Carolina Radicalism, with all the affected indignity of wounded innocence, protested against the charge and published our informant as a liar. He knew well enough from whence our information had been received, and indirectly attempted to say what he did not dare to do directly.

Below we publish some inquiries directed to this wounded innocent, by one of the most upright and reliable citizens of Coleman's county, and we dare him to answer them, for if he denies his guilt we will publish the official record.

Besides this attempt at crime, we learn that this would-be law officer of North Carolina was arrested by the Mayor of Concord, a short time before he left that place for Raleigh, on a charge of habitual drunkenness and vulgarity on the streets, and fined therefor. Is this true, Mr. Coleman? How low, indeed, does Southern Radicalism descend to find fitting tools among the white natives to do its dirty work.

Our correspondent propounds the following questions to Coleman, to which we direct his special attention:

CONCORD, N. C., March 7th 1868.

To Wm. M. Coleman, formerly of Concord:

SIR: Will you answer the followiug interrogations, if you please?

1st. Do you deny the fact that you left Concord charged with having taken unwarrantable liberties with Fanny Sherod (a woman of color and wife of Isaac Sherod?)

2d. Do you deny the fact that you were arrested on this charge previous to your departure from Concord, and that the matter is now pending in Court in Cabarrus county?

3d. Do you deny the fact that there was great indignation expressed and manifested towards you by both black and white, for this outrage?

4th. Do you deny the fact that the said Fanny and Isaac made application to Capt. Carren of the Freedman's Bureau for redress, and that Capt. Carren sent you an order by the Sheriff of Cabarrus county, interdicting you from going upon the premises of said Fanny by day or by night?

Your flippant denial of certain charges made in the Wilmington Journal, has been noticed; now come out and deny the charges expressed and implied in the foregoing interrogatories, and the public shall have the full benefit of the record in the premises.

Yours, &c., CONCORD.

From Johnston County.

A friend from Johnston, who has never been a secessionists, but, through all time, truly a Union man, informs us that old Johnston will go at least two hundred against Holden and the constitution.

THE SECRETARY OF WAR.

Leaving all partisan considerations out of the question, Edwin M. Stanton is a public disgrace to the government, and the people of the United States must so pronounce him.

He is a coward—petty tyrants always are. As a public officer he is unscrupulous and unprincipled, and devoid of that moral sense belonging to gentlemen, he is wanting in private integrity and without ordinary self-respect.

His conduct at the war office since the recent attempt of the President to remove him therefrom, renders the American government a ridiculous farce in the eyes of the civilized nations of the earth. His characteristic attempt at the sensational, though happily a failure, gives the affair only a more ludicrous and disgusting appearance.

Spies have been employed to give the war minister notice of approaching danger, while other pliant tools are at work seeking evidence to strengthen impeachment.

A detective worms himself into the confidence of Adjutant General Thomas, Secretary of War *ad interim*, and at the instance of Stanton, communicates to the managers of impeachment certain chance remarks, of no significance whatever, used by General Thomas in a conversation with the said detective, (gentleman as he supposed,) at a Presidential party.

Another of these hireling dogs carries to the frightened war minister a tale of horror, representing that an army of rebels, headed by the terrible Mosby, is on the war path to Washington, for the purpose of capturing and subduing the unruly member of the American cabinet. Right here a scene occurs unparalleled in the history of the United States government. A company of picked men as skirmishers are stationed at the Long Bridge to intercept Mosby and give the alarm on his approach; the guards about the war department building are twice doubled, and the troops in and around Washington under arms, while the head of the army in the person of Mr. Stanton, cannot be induced to show himself outside of the door, or expose himself near an open window.

Thus matters stood at Washington several days last week, and some signs of excitement still exist, but since the detective set to watch, Mosby has reported him retiring every night at sober hours, the army has been permitted to stack arms, and the heavy guard at the outpost is withdrawn from the bivouac.

Such is the characteristic conduct of a high officer of the United States, and we at the South surely have no cause to regret that we are nowhere recognized as a part and parcel of that brave nation of people, of whom this man Stanton claims to be a representative.

SOUND DEMOCRATIC DOCTRINE.

Mr. Wm. Towns Boyd has purchased the Clarksville (Va.) Tobacco Plant, and changed its name to the Quid Nunc, "leaving but a *Quid* of the old *Tobacco Plant.*" The new editor proposes to have very little to do with Federal politics, but he proposes to do up that little on the following principles. He says:

Without attempting to conceal our real sentiments under the hypocritical mask of Conservatism, we announce ourselves as leagued with the Radical State Rights Democracy, the party which carried Virginia triumphantly out of the Union in 1861, and the only party which can ever carry her back with dignity and with honor. We are, however, opposed to all kinds of reconstruction, and sooner than see the State of Virginia—the home of Washington, Lee and Jackson given over into the hands of the mongrel mob, whose representatives are now holding their high carnival of devilry in our capital, or even to a sickly conservatism, which would give us an alien representation in Congress, we would prefer to live under military rule until the oldest inhabitant had forgotten the occasion of its inauguration.

CITY AND STATE.

Lookout Jeemes Henry and Booker!

Your political demi-god spoke *thusly* of one Anthony Burns, a fugitive slave who went to "Bosting," and was from that precious temple of progress and christian civilization, returned to his master. There was some *fuss* about Anthony at the time, and the Standard of March the 10th, 1855, speaks of him thus:

"Once a faithful and industrious field hand, he has now the habits of a loafing gentleman among the *'fust surkles'* of Boston abolitionism. Once he made corn and cotton, and made himself useful generally; now he is only fit to make a fuss among hypocrites and enemies of public peace and public order."

Substitute mattrasses for corn, and saddles for cotton, and the Standard will speak exactly so of you, Oh! Jeems Henry and Booker! as soon as he wants no longer your votes to make him Governor. You are "fit to make a fuss" now, but in a short time your mushroom importance will be ingloriously squelched.

The Loyal League.

This organization for evil—projected and perfected by the evil one—is becoming a failure in North Carolina.

From every direction we hear of men both white and black, hitherto bound by its oaths and controlled by its leadors leaving it daily, and denouncing it as a "league with the Devil, and a covenant with Hell."

No respectable white man, and few of the lowest, now belong to or recognize it, while as we are informed on competent authority, not one negro in ten belongs to the Union League, of which Wm. W. Holden is the Head Centre.

St Patrick's Day.

St. Patrick's Day was appropriately celebrated in Wilmington by the Hibernian Association.

It is a melancholy reflection for Irish Americans that hundreds of their compatriots are, at this recurrence of the anniversary, languishing in British hostilities. But the prisoners are plucky, and the refrain of their song sounds pleasantly as borne acress the broad Atlantic:

"When the law can stop the blades of grass from growin' as they grow.
And when the leaves in summer-time their verdure dare not show,
Then we will change the color we wear in our corbeen,
But 'till that day please God we'll stick to wearin' of the green."

Opinion called For.

The Salisbury Old North State, calls for the opinion which Judge Brooks promised to give in the matter of advertising bankrupt notices.

It is supposed that His Honor (?) can, like Jack Bunsby, give "an opinion as is an opinion" when he shall see fit, and as it is a subject of some importance, we trust that Judge Brooks will inform the public how it happens that only the Raleigh Standard and Ashville Pioneer can legally publish the bankrupt notices of a whole State.

COMMERCIAL.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

Markets.

NEW YORK, March 18.

Gold 38¼. Sterling 9¼. Old bonds 10⅛; Virginia new, 50; North Carolina sixes, ex-coupons, 63¼@64. Flour drooping. Wheat nominally lower. Mess pork $24.50. Cotton firm at 25. Spirits turpentine 55@56. Rosin dull—common to strained $3¼.

LONDON, March 18—M.

Consols 93¼. Bonds firmer at 72½@72¼.

LIVERPOOL, March 16—M.

Cotton firmer, but more active under a reported advance of 1-16. Sales of 12,000 bales. Uplands 10⅛@10¼; Orleans 10⅜@10½.

WILMINGTON, March 18.

Spts Turpentine advanced, and firm at 72½. Rosin, strained 2 12½; No. 1, $4 00; pale 5. Cotton steady, middling 23. Tar declined 2 20.

BALTIMORE, March 18.

Cotton quiet and firmer at 25. Flour quiet and unchanged. Provisions dull. Bacon shoulders 12@12½.

LIVERPOOL, March 18—Afternoon.

Cotton and breadstuffs unchanged. Sugar firm.

LIVERPOOL, March 18—Evening.

Cotton closed active; uplands in port 10¼a10½, afloat 10¼; Orleans 10⅜a10½.

NEW YORK, March 18, P. M.

Cotton shade firmer with fair demand; sales of 3000 bales at 25a25¼. Flour steady; Southern $9¼a14¼. Wheat drooping. Corn lower; white Southern $1 18a1 20. Mess Pork $24¼. Lard 14¼a16. Sugar active; Muscovado 10¼a10½. Other groceries quiet.

Gold 1 38¼. Sterling 9¼. '62 Coupons 91. North Carolina 6s, 61.

RALEIGH MARKET.

Reported by

Douglas Bell, Grocer & Com. Merchant,

FAYETTEVILLE STREET.

Apples,	6 50@ 8 00
Bacon, Country	16@21
" Baltimore	15@17
Beef on Hoof	10@15
" Nett	10@20
Butter	30@50
Cotton	18@19
Corn	$1 30@1 35
Coffee	24@50
Eggs	20@25
Flour	12@18
Fodder	1 25@1 50
Guano	$100@$110 per ton
Herrings	$6@$9
Hides—Green	8c per lb
" Dry	12½@15
Hay	75@$1 00
Lard	18@20
Meal	1 35@1 50
Molasses	55@$1 00
Mullets, per barrel,	8 00@00 00
Nails	7½@10
Onions,	8 50@10 50
Potatoes—Irish	6 50@ 7 00
" Sweet,	75@1 00
Peas	1 50@1 75
Rags	4½@5
Salt	3 00@4 25
Sugar	12 @19½
Tea	$2 60@$2 25
Tallow	10@12½
Vinegar	40@75
Whiskey	2 25@$5 00

MONEY MARKET.

Reported by

John G. Williams & Company, Bankers,

FAYETTEVILLE STREET.

Gold,	138
Silver,	133
Exchange on New York,	¼
Old Coupons,	42
North Carolina Railroad Coupons,	93
Old Sixes,	53

PRICES OF NORTH CAROLINA BANK NOTES.

Bank of North Carolina,	50
" Cape Fear,	27
" Charlotte,	29
" Lexington,	Old 19, New 10
Graham,	24
" Roxborough,	60
" Wadesborough,	25½
" Thomasville,	55
" Wilmington,	26
" Commerce,	17
" Washington,	8
" Fayetteville,	11
" Clarendon,	4
" Yanceyville,	7
Miners' and Planters' Bank,	38
Farmers' Bank, Greensborough,	12@27
Commercial Bank, Wilmington,	26
Merchants' Bank, Newbern,	65
Greensborough Mutual,	5
Virginia Bank Notes, about	25
South Carolina "	18
Georgia "	20

STOCKS:

Raleigh & Gaston R. R.	38@40
Raleigh Gas Light Co.	125
Raleigh Nat. Bank	100
North Carolina R. R.	25 nominal

The White Man's Ticket!

FOR GOVERNOR:

THOMAS S. ASHE,

Of Anson.

For Lieutenant Governor:
EDWARD D. HALL.
of New Hanover.

For Attorney General:
SION H. ROGERS,
of Wake.

For Superintendent of Public Works:
GEN. SAM'L. F. PATTERSON,
of Caldwell.

For Superintendent of Public Instruction:
REV. B. CRAVEN,
of Randolph.

For Secretary of State:
ROBERT W. BEST,
of Greene.

For Auditor of Accounts:
S. W. BURGIN,
of Buncombe.

For Public Treasurer:
KEMP P. BATTLE,
of Wake.

For Chief Justice of North Carolina:
RICHMOND M. PEARSON.

For Associate Justices of the Supreme Court:
WILL. H. BATTLE, of Orange,
EDWIN G. READE, of Person,
(and if the number be increased to five,)
MATT. E. MANLY, of Craven,
A. S. MERRIMON, of Buncombe.

FOR SUPERIOR COURT JUDGES.

First District:
DAVID A. BARNES,
of Northampton.

Second District:
E. J. WARREN,
of Beaufort.

Third District:
GEORGE V. STRONG,
of Wayne.

Fourth District:
WILLIAM S. DEVANE,
of New Hanover.

Fifth District:
RALPH P. BUXTON,
of Cumberland.

Sixth District:
ROBT. B. GILLIAM,
of Granville.

Seventh District:
THOMAS RUFFIN, JR.,
of Alamance.

Eighth District:
FRANCIS E. SHOBER,
of Rowan.

Ninth District;
WILLIAM M. SHIPP,
of Lincoln.

Tenth District:
ANDERSON MITCHELL,
of Iredell.

Eleventh District:
JOHN L. BAILEY,
of Buncombe.

Twelfth District:
ALLEN T. DAVIDSON,
of Macon.

NOMINATIONS FOR WAKE COUNTY.

For the Senate:
MOSES A. BLEDSOE.

For the House of Commons:
COL. JNO. P. H. RUSS.
REUBEN FLEMING.
JESSE A. NORRISS.
J. J. OVERBY.

For Sheriff:
DAVID LEWIS.

For Superior Court Clerk:
QUENTIN BUSBEE.

For County Court Clerk:
J. J. FERRELL.

WE are requested to announce that by the request of many friends JOHN A. McDONALD, of Chatham, has consented to become a Candidate to represent this, the Fourth District, in the Congress of the United States.

Feb, 28, 1868. d26-1 &wtd.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

WAKE COUNTY.

Court of Please & Quarter Sessions Feb'y Term, 1868.

John A. Moore *vs.* James V. Moore, Attachment.

In this cause, it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the defendant is a non-resident, *it is ordered* that advertisement be made in the North Carolinian, a newspaper published in Raleigh, for six weeks, for said defendant to appear and plead, or judgment will be entered according to law. J. J. FERRELL, C. C. C.

feb 28-oaw6w.

NEW WHOLESALE BOOT AND SHOE HOUSE.

We have just received, direct from the manufacturers, a large and varied stock of Boots, Shoes, Leather, Trunks, &c., which we offer to the trade on reasonable terms.

☞ Orders solicited and satisfaction guaranteed. WHITEHEAD, TURNER & CO.,
No. 42 Iron Front,
West Side Market Square.

Norfolk, Va.—mar 7, 1md&w.

BALTIMORE.

THE GREAT SOUTHERN HEALTH RESTORER!

THE BEST BLOOD PURIFIER IN THE WORLD!

DR. LAWRENCE'S

CELEBRATED

ROSADALIS,

for the cure of

SCROFULA, IN ALL ITS FORMS,

such as

Consumption in its early stages, Enlargement and Ulceration of the Glands, Joints, Bones, Liver, Kidneys, &c.; Rheumatism, White Swelling, Mercurial Affections, Sore Eyes, Old Sores, Diseases Peculiar to Females, Eruptions of the Skin, General Bad Health, And all other Diseases caused

BY AN IMPURE STATE OF THE BLOOD.

☞ The following, *among many hundreds* of our best citizens, testify to its *wonderful efficacy.*

Home Certificates from Physicians.

We know Dr. Lawrence's Rosadalis to be a safe and reliable Alterative, &c., and take pleasure in recommending it to the profession and the public.

A. D. MOORE, M. D.,
L. A. STITH, M. D.,
J. H. WINSTEAD, M. D.,
R. G. BARHAM, M. D.,
W. A. DUGGAN, M. D.,
E. BARNES, M. D.,
R. W. RING, M. D.,
S. WOODARD, M. D.

January 7th, 1868.

I hereby certify that I am personally acquainted with the above named Physicians, and they are all gentlemen of respectability and standing in this community.

T. C. DAVIS, Mayor of Wilson, N. C.
January 11th, 1868.

ROSADALIS WILL CURE THE WORST CASES OF SCROFULA. READ THE STATEMENT BELOW, AND DESPAIR NOT.

WILSON COUNTY, Sept. 10, 1867.

DR. J. J. LAWRENCE:

Dear Sir—My youngest daughter, aged five years, has been dreadfully afflicted with Scrofula nearly all her life. I tried a great many Physicians, but without relieving her much; in fact, most of them said there was no hope of cure.—During the last Spring she was worse than ever, her body and limbs being covered with sores and blotches—with face and eyes badly ulcerated and swollen. Whilst in this condition, I was advised by Dr. L. A. Stith to try your Rosadalis. I at once procured three bottles, and commenced giving it to her. *The effect was magical. In less than a month*, to my great astonishment, *she was entirely well.*

I am, sir,
Yours, with respect and gratitude,
W. W. BURNETT.

ROSADALIS CURES ALL SKIN DISEASES.

WILSON, N. C., Sept. 15, 1867.

DR. LAWRENCE—Dear Sir:—In 1862 my son, now aged five years, was vaccinnated with what proved to be impure matter, which completely destroyed his health. He has been afflicted with an inveterate and extremely troublesome *Eruption of the Skin*, sometimes breaking out in sores, &c. Rosadalis was prescribed by my family physician—Dr. A. D. Moore. After taking it a few weeks, my son became and remains *entirely well.* Yours truly,

J. B. DANIEL.

CHRONIC LIVER COMPLAINT CURED.

This is to certify that I was *cured of Chronic Liver Complaint* by Dr. Lawrence's Rosadalis, after having been confined to my bed and house for a long time, and trying various medicines without benefit.

I know of several others in this County, *cured* through the use of the Rosadalis, and it can be found in nearly every house in my neighborhood, and they all praise it as a great medicine.

THOMAS THORN.
Greene county, August 14, 1867.

ROSADALIS IS A POTENT REMEDY IN ALL CHRONIC DISEASES.

From G. W. Blount, Esq., Attorney at Law, Wilson, N C.

I have been cured of Chronic Inflamation of the ear and Partial Deafness, of ten years' standing, by ROSADALIS. GEO. W. BLOUNT.

ROSADALIS WILL CURE THE VERY WORST CASES OF CHRONIC RHEUMATISM.

I hereby certify that I was cured of long standing Chronic Rheumatism, by taking four bottles of Dr. Lawrence's ROSADALIS. JAMES WILLS.

Wilson, N. C., May 6, 1867.

☞ The ROSADALIS thoroughly eradicates every kind of humor and bad taint, and restores the entire system to a healthy condition.

IT IS PERFECTLY HARMLESS, never producing the slightest injury.

☞ It is not a Secret Quack Remedy. The articles of which it is made are published around each bottle, and it is used and endorsed by the leading Physicians everywhere it is known.

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PRICE, $1.50 PER BOTTLE.

☞ Sold Wholesale by all the principal Wholesale Druggists, in all the large cities of the United States and British America, and retail by Druggists everywhere.

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Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, Wilmington, N. C.
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BENJAMIN ROBINSON,
(Late of North Carolina,)
Attorney and Counsellor at Law, 37 Nassau Street, New York.
Associated with Roger A. Pryor, Esq., formerly of Virginia, will attend thoroughly and promptly to all business committed to his management.
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WE have now on hand, and are constantly manufacturing some of the best Buggies, with and without tops; Rockaways, two and four seats; Wagons, spring and plantation, that were ever exhibited in North Carolina, and respectfully solicit a call from all who may design purchasing anything in our line, before they have made a selection.

We are constantly manufacturing of superior material, also, Harness, of every description required in this section of country, all of which will be sold at reasonable prices, and guaranteed to be as represented by the undersigned, at the old Established Shops, on Nash Street.

Thankful for past favors, we solicit a continuance from our old friends, and request a trial from those who have not proved us.

Prices reduced to suit the times. Orders solicited. Very respectfully,
PARKER, MURRAY & CO.
Wilson, N. C., June 19th, 1867, tf.

The North Carolinian.

Raleigh, Thursday, March 19, 1868.

From the American Journal of Mining.

A Tail of Long Ago.

NEW YORK, February 8, 1868.

Editor American Journal of Mining:

The enclosed poem was written by a very gifted man in Louisville, Ky., at the time of the meeting of the American Association in that city. It is one of the best things in our language, and ought to be perpetuated in your valuable Journal.

C. A. J.

THE GANOID.

With a biscuit in my pocket and a hammer in my hand,
Chipping bits from off the strata that were "cropping" o'er the land,
Wearied out at length I rested by a fracture fresh and new,
And gazed in languid humor at the thing it brought to view:
I had found an ancient casket that Agassiz e'en would hail,
When he saw beneath its cover that a ganoid curled his tail.

It was lying half imbedded in its matrix in the stone,
And scintillating round it, bright micaceous fragments shone;
And I thought of all the weary, sad, and slow-revolving years
Since the earth commenced her circling search for light among the spheres,
And the huge ichthyosaurus must have felt his courage fail
In the turbulence around him when this ganoid curled his tail.

When from out the turbid ocean seethed an atmosphere of steam,
And the waves refused in darkness to reflect a single beam,
And barren rocks, that dimly rose, like spectres, from the waste,
Glared grimly for a little while, and disappeared in haste:
Melted down with heat and Horror—even gneiss could not prevail
In those liquidating eras when this ganoid curled his tail.

Check the onward march of Nature, and reverse the wheels of Time,
From the morn when Eden blossomed in its freshness and its prime:
Roll it backward, roll it backward—backward still and backward more
Through cycles till the effort strains the mind till it is sore,
Still a nebula beyond you, down within the Past's dim vale,
Are those years unchronologic when this ganoid curled his tail.

And I thought of all the struggles that we make with such ado
To preserve our names from sinking for a century or two;
How the deeds of warrior, poet, stern philosopher or sage,
Are writ in brilliant letters on the Past's historic page;
And yet the years the best have won is but a fabric frail
By the grand unnumbered eras when this ganoid curled his tail.

You're satisfied with glory, and you think the thing is done—
If you perish in the conflict—when a marble bust is won.
Here's a rival—look upon him—he's not a carved ideal,
For a time infusion keeps him still original and real.
The antisceptic properties of Fame would prove but frail
Had you done your deeds of wonder when this ganoid curled his tail.

Perhaps in scaly armor, up and down those ancient seas,
Roamed he, with a restless appetite that nothing could appease,
Crushing shoals and hosts of being, every one of which that ran
Would, in course of time and season, have "developed" up to man;
But "*Fata sic profulgent,*" and we only may bewail
Our dear relations slaughtered when this ganoid curled his tail.

But it is a sad reflection—sad and stern enough for tears,
To know that blood and carnage trail along the track of years;
That Love, and Peace, nnd Mercy had not even then began
To sow the seeds of quiet for the future coming man,
And the cries of God's first creatures were a universal wail,
Of fierce and brutal conflict when this ganoid curled his tail.

C. A. P.

Louisville, Ky.

Boils—"A Composition"

A boil is generally very small at first, and a fellow hardly notices it, but in a few days it gets to be the biggest of the two, and the chap that has it is of very little account in comparison with his boil, which then "has him." Boils appear mysteriously upon various portions of the human body, coming when and where "they darn please," and often in very inconvenient places. Sometimes a solitary boil is the sum total of affliction, but frequently there is a "rubishin' lot of 'em" to help the first one. If a boil comes anywhere on a person, that person always wishes it had come somewhere else, although it would puzzle him to say just where.

Some persons call them "Damboils," but such persons are addicted to profanity—the proper name is boil. If a chap has a boil he generally gets a good deal of sympathy from others—"in a horn." Whoever asks him what ails him, laughs at him for his pains to answer, while many unfeeling persons make game of him, or of his misfortune, or boil. It is very wicked to make sport of persons with boils they cannot help it, and often feel very badly about it. Physicians don't give boil patients much satisfaction as a general thing, although young physicians who are just beginning to practice are fond of trying their lancets on them. Boils are said to be "healthy," and, judging from the way they take hold, and hang on, and ache, and burn, and grow, and raise Cain generally, there is no doubt that they are healthy and have good constitutions. They are generally very lively and playful at night, and it is very funny to see a chap with a good large one prospecting around his couch for a place where his boil will fit in "without hurting."

Boils tend to "purify the blood," strengthen the system, calm the nerves, restrain the profanity, tranquilize the spirits, improve the temper, and beautify the appearance. They are good things for married men who spend their evenings away from home, as they give them an opportunity to rest their night keys and get acquainted with their families. It is said that boils save the patient "a fit of sickness," but if the sickness is not the best to have, it must be an all-fired mean thing. It is also said that a person is better after he has had them, and there is no doubt that one feels much better after having got rid of them. Many distinguished persons have enjoyed these harbingers of health. Job took the first premium at the county fair for having more archers under cultivation than any other person. Shakespeare had them, and meant boils when he said, "One woe doth tread upon another's heels, so fast they follow."

There are a great many remedies for boils, most of which are well worth trying, because, if they don't do any good, they don't hurt the boils. If a chap goes down the street with a boil, every man he meets will tell him of "a good thing" for it; among which are: Shoemakers' Wax, Mrs. Winslow's Syrup, Trix, Spaulding's Glue, Charlotte Russe, Gum Drops, Waterproof Blacking, Night-Blooming Cereus, Chloroform, Kissengen, etc., etc.

THE END.

[The general result of our observations on boils for the past two weeks, is, the best place to have a boil is upon somebody else's neck.]

NORFOLK.

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Piano Fortes, of the best manufactories, always on hand.

to Aug 24.

NOTICE! NOTICE! NOTICE!

The Wholesale Boot and Shoe Business of W. H. TURNER & CO, will hereafter be conducted under the firm and style of

BOTTIMORE, MARROW & CO.

W. H. TURNER & CO.

In making the above statement, we take this occasion to inform our customers and the trade generally that, since our removal to our

LARGE and COMMODIOUS WAREHOUSE,

ATLANTIC BLOCK, MAIN STREET,

we have greatly increased facilities and are fully prepared to conduct the WHOLESALE

BOOT, SHOE AND LEATHER BUSINESS,

on a much larger scale than heretofore.

We shall always keep on hand a large and selected stock of all kinds of desirable and seasonable goods in our line, which we guarantee to furnish at the

LOWEST NORTHERN WHOLESALE PRICES.

BOTTIMORE, MARROW & CO.,
Atlantic Block, Main street.
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DAVIS & BROTHER,

Wholesale Dealers in Groceries, Liquors, and Agents for Carolina Belle Scotch Snuff, and various grades of Virginia Manufactured Tobacco.

Keep constantly on hand a full stock of Sugar and Coffee, Flour, Lard, Bacon, Candies, Family and Fancy Soaps, Cheese, Butter, Fish, Pork, Salt, Candy, Buckets, Brooms, Shot, Powder, and many other articles, to complete the assortment usually found in a Jobbing Grocery House.

Any consignment will have especial attention.

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Bath Tubs and Toilet Sets manufactured to order.

Guttering and Roofing done cheaper than any house in the City. to Oct 5

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Published at

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A Semi-Weekly Conservative paper, devoted to News, Miscellany, and general reading matter—a fine advertising medium, being at the junction of all the Railroads, going East, North, West and South, and having a back country rich in products.

The proprietors, believing in the great principle that "*this is a white man's government, and should be ruled by white men,*" shall devote their every energy to the one aim of bringing this country back to prosperity and former rule, and shall strive to revert this State from the hands of those who now possess it, or would possess it.

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Cotton Factors and General Commission Merchants, Norfolk, Va.

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Jan 30—tf.

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to Ap'l 17 Treasurer and Superintendent.

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Prices moderate.

☞ Goods Direct from Manufacturers.
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Corn and Cotton Planters, Corn Shellers, Hay, Shuck and Corn Stalk Cutters, Fan Mills, Plows, of every kind, Harrows and Cultivators, Spades, Shovels Forks, Brier Hooks, Iron Axles, Springs, Cart & Wagon Boxes, &c.

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If Farmers are not satisfied, the money will be refunded.

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to Aug 24

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S. A. STEVENS,
Johnson's Hall, Main St., Norfolk, Va.
to July 24.

BERKLEY, MILLAR & CO.,

Wholesale Dealers in Dry Goods and Notions, 16 West Main Street, next to Exchange National Bank, Norfolk, Va.

L. BERKLEY.
W. M. MILLAR.
J. W. GRANDY.
to May 24. Formerly of N. C.

NORFOLK STEAM REFINED CANDY Manufactory. Established 1837.

C. Jordan & Son, Wholesale Confectioners.

Dealers in Foreign and Domestic Fruits, Nuts, Pickles, Segars, &c., and proprietors of Jordan's Vegetable Cough Candy.

Store, 77 E. Main st., Factory, 58 S. Church street, Norfolk, Va. to Oct 5

ESTABLISHED 1847.

C. F. Greenwood & Bro., Watchmakers and Jewellers. Dealers in Fine Gold and Silver Watches, Diamonds, Pearl and other Rich Jewelry, Solid Silver and Plated Ware, Spectacles, Clocks and Fancy Goods,

No 27 Main Street, Norfolk, Va.

N. B.—Watches and Jewelry repaired by the most skillful workmen, and warranted.

C. F. GREENWOOD,
to Aug 25 FRED. GREENWOOD.

ÆTNA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY!

INCORPORATED IN MAY, 1819.

ASSETS, on January 1st, 1868, $8,000,000.

ANNUAL INCOME FOR THE YEAR PAST, $5,000,000.

NEW POLICIES ISSUED IN 1867 *WAS* 16,000.

THIS OLD AND WELL-TRIED INSTITUTION IS COMMENDED TO THE CONFIDENCE OF the American people by the fact that during its entire history all of its contracts and payment of losses has been promptly and honorably paid to the amount of $17,485,894 71, and notwithstanding this large amount paid, the Company has now more than One Million of Dollars above liabilities, and are paying back to her members 50 per cent. dividends. And what has been done in the past can but secure confidence for the future. No Company whatever does more or better for its members than the Ætna. Those contemplating this mode of providing for their loved ones will find it to their interest to call at the Office, over the store of Messrs. Tucker & Co.

WM. H. CROW, General Agent,
Raleigh, N. C.

Dr. W. H. MCKEE, Examining Physician.
February 15, 1868. 15—dtf.

RALEIGH.

ASSETS, $17,000,000 00.

With an income over

$6,500,000 00

Surplus assets, deducting liabilities, over

$6,000,000 00.

The CONNECTICUT MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Hartford, Connecticut, was organized in 1846, and now has over

55,000 POLICIES,

in force, being a larger number than any other Company in the world.

Its Net Assets are larger than any other Company

Dividends have averaged over 50 per cent, and a credit of one-half the premium is given, which, in case of death is cancelled by anticipated dividends.

The interest received, during the past ten years, has more than paid its losses.

ALL POLICIES NON-FORFEITABLE BY THEIR TERMS.

and no extra charge made, except only where the risk is extra hazardous;

No Notes are required after the fourth year. Dividends paying half the premium thereafter,

No Deduction of Notes—No Assessment.

Assurance can be effected in all the forms desired.

SAM'L. DOUGLAS WAIT,
General Agent N. C.,
Raleigh.
Jan. 30-tf.

P. F. PESCUD,

DRUGGIST AND INSURANCE AGENT,

RALEIGH, N. C.,

Keeps constantly for sale a complete stock of such articles as are usually found in a First Class Drug Store. Also, Garden and Field Seed, the quality and prices of which secure general satisfaction to the most particular and the closest buyers.

He represents

TEN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES,

the ombined capital and assets of which amounts to $6,000,00, and

THE CONNECTICUT MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

whose assets exceed $17,000,000, at 9 per cent. interest.

The interest has exceeded losses for the past 13 years, and there has been a return of fifty per cent. premium money to Policy Holders for 18 years past. This is more than any other company in the United States can say.

Please call and see me at

MY OLD STAND,

where I may be found, ready and willing to oblige the public.

P. F. PESCUD.
Raleigh, Feb. 1-3m.

HO FOR WATSON'S GALLERY.

Photographs, Ambrotypes, Ferreotypes, Gems, &c., &c., all executed with neatness and dispatch; also old Daguerreotypes copied and colored to Nature.

J. W. WATSON,
Feb 17-tf Fayetteville st., Raleigh, N.C.

BRANSON & JONES,

Successors to Branson, Farrar & Co., continue the Book Business at the same stand, near Tucker's Hall, and still keep on hand a supply of Books and Stationery, at reduced prices.

☞ Consignments of second-hand Law and Miscellaneous Books solicited.

☞ Particular attention paid to orders.

BRANSON & JONES,
Raleigh, N. C.
L. BRANSON, Agent J. A. JONES.
N. C. Business Directory. jan30–tf.

MISCELLANEOUS.

HUGH MACNAIR,

With Phillips and Maitland, General Commission Merchants, 26 Bowly's Wharf, Baltimore, Maryland.

B. F. PHILLIPS. BURGUINE MAITLAND

Refer to Ex Gov. H. T. Clark, Tarboro', N. C. J. J. B. Pender, Esq., Tarboro', N. C.; Dr. Thos D. Hogg, Raleigh, N. C.
to may 29.

SELECT MALE SCHOOL,

WARREN COUNTY, N. C.

The Sixth Session of this School will commence January 16th, 1868, and continue twenty weeks.

TUITION.

Classics, $25 00
Elementary Branches, 20 00
Board, (including everything except lights and towels,) 80 00

TERMS: One half in advance, the remainder at the close of the Session.

No deduction made except in cases of protracted sickness.

Pupils are requested to be present at the commencement of the Session.

Location healthy; neighborhood pleasant.

☞ Pupils will be met at Littleton Depot, if requested. Address,

JOHN GRAHAM, Principal,
Or, Rev. C. M. COOK,
to July 1. Warrenton, N. C.

BOARDING HOUSE IN FRANKLINTON.

The Schools, both Male and Female, will soon commence, and I am prepared to furnish every convenience and accommonation for 10 or 12 boarders, usually found in a first class boarding house. Terms—$12½ per month—half in advance. For further particulars, address

MRS. ANN COGGIN,
tf Franklinton, N. C.

PETERSBURG.

COCKADE MARBLE AND GRANITE Works, Sycamore Street, (opposite Geo. Peace,) Petersburg, Va.

The undersigned would return his sincere thanks for the liberal patronage he has received from the people of North Carolina, and would respectfully inform them that he has constantly on hand a varied assortment of Grave Stones, of finest material and workmanship, at low prices.

Orders by mail promptly attended to and satisfaction guaranteed.

Also deals in Iron and Wire Railings.

☞ A deduction of 10 per cent. on grave stones for Confederate soldiers.

to May 1 CHAS. M. WALSH.

B. D. EVANS, (successor to Evans & Godwin) Manufacturer of Tin Ware, Cooking and Heating Stoves, of the most approved patterns. I have just returned from the foundaries, where I selected my Stoves in person, and from a long experience in the business, flatter myself that I can give satisfaction. In a few days I shall have a new Stove, and the best ever offered in this market.

The Great Doty Washing Machine is still the wonder and admiration of all. Send your orders early.

Persons indebted to the late firm must settle, as much longer indulgence cannot be given.

jan 30 tf D. D. EVANS.

TODD, PUGH & CO.,

General Grocers & Commission Merchants, Petersburg, Va.

Cotton Planters furnished with Bagging and Rope on liberal terms, payable out of the cotton crop.

We are agents for the celebrated Arrow Tie and Painted Iron Band, for baling cotton.

Twenty tons on hand, ready for delivery.

We are also agents for Woolston's Ammoniated Bone Phosphate of Lime.

Bagging and Rope of the best quality always on hand. tf

UPHOLSTERY GOODS. The subscriber begs leave to call the attention of the public to his large and well assorted stock of House Furnishing Goods, such as Carpets, Rugs and Mats, Floor and Table Oil Cloths, Window Shades, Curtain Goods, Lace Curtains, Gimps and Tassels, Window Cornices, and Curtain Bands. Hair and Shuck Mattresses always on hand and made to order. Rooms papered at the shortest notice.

Our prices are as low as can be purchased at the North, and we most respectfully solicit a call.

J. M. WHITEHURST.
63 Sycamore Street, Petersburg, Va.,
to Oct 16 Opposite the Court House.

HENRY T. ALLEY,

Confectioner, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Fruits, Fancy Goods, Cigars, Toys, &c., 133 Sycamore Street, Petersburg, Va.

Weddings and Parties furnished in the most approved style. to sep 14.

C. C. VINCENT,

Coppersmith, Tin and Sheet Iron Manufacturer, Plumming, Roofing, &c. Dealer in Stoves, Ranges, Heaters and House Furnishing Goods, No. 20, Old Street, Petersburg, Va.
to Sept 14

CHAS. E. ELLINGTON,

Upholsterer and Paper-Hanger, Manufacturer and Dealer in Paper-Hangings, Table and Floor Oil Cloths, Curtain Goods, Cornices, Shades, Mattresses, Tassels, Loops, Gimps, Bands, Fins, &c., No. 21¼ Sycamore Street, Petersburg, Va.
to sept 14.

OSBORNE, PATTERSON & CO.,

Grocers and Commission Merchants, 103 Sycamore Street, Petersburg, Va.

R. C. OSBORNE.
J. R. PATTERSON,
to Sept 14 L. E. STAINBACK.

WHOLESALE DRUG TRADE.

JORDAN & CARR, (successors to Geo. B. Jones,) Corner Sycamore and Washington streets, Petersburg, Va., have the pleasure to announce to the merchants of Virginia and North Carolina the reception of one of the largest and most complete stocks of Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Dye-stuffs, Window Glass, Garden, Yard and Field Seeds, Surgical and Dental Instruments, Brushes, Combs, Perfumery, Toilet Soaps, &c., to be found in the Southern States. Their entire stock was purchased from first hands for Cash, and they feel confident they can offer superior inducements to the trade.

Merchants, Physicians and others are cordially invited to call and examine their goods and prices.

WALTER B. JORDAN,
to May 1 JOSEPH CARR.

J. D. GALE,

Importer and Dealer in Hardware, Cutlery, Guns and Pistols, Wagon Material, Iron, &c.

No. 17 EAST SIDE MARKET SQUARE,

NORFOLK, VA.

Having purchased of Messrs. E. J. GRIFFITH & CO., their entire stock of Hardware, Cutlery, &c., and adding thereto by recent purchases from first hands, I beg leave to inform my friends and the public generally, that I am now prepared to fill their order on as reasonable terms as any other house in the city, and solicit a share of their patronage.

☞ GIVE ME A CALL.

J. D. GALE,
No. 17 East Side Market Square,
Sign of the Pad-Lock, Norfolk, Va.

The undersigned have this day sold to Mr. Jas. D. Gale, their stock of Hardware, Cutlery, &c., at No. 17 East Side Market Square. In retiring from the retail trade, they return hearty thanks to their friends for the substantial evidences of their good will, and ask for their successor the same kind consideration and regard.

E. J. GRIFFITH & CO.
to Aug. 24.